Previous references.

1910-11

(Census)

File No. 3-10

Serial Nos. 1-5

Later references.

Gen Sec S. 10-21 (84)

(HS)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1-5

Part B. for September 1910

SUBJECT.

Imperial Census Tables for 1910

---

1. From the Asst to the Resident,
No. 4227 dt. 25-7-10
forwards for information the Govt of India Resolution (Home Deptt) No 192-208 dt. 28-6-10 regarding the above subject.

2 To the Census Supdt. No. 2. 548 dt. 2-8-10.
forwards the above with the observation whether any of the Special tables required in the opinion of the Supdt, to be compiled for the State

G. R. S. 58

3. From the Census Supdt. No. 328 dt. 4-8-10.
States that he proposes to compile all the tables prescribed in the Govt of India Resolution and

P-28

submits for the information of Govt, copy of Census Comrs letter No 816 dt. 4.7.10 directing him to postpone taking orders of Govt in the matter. till certain further communication received from him on the subject.

4. From the Census Supdt. No. 488 dt 26.8.10
Solicits orders regarding the compilation of certain Statistical Census Tables prescribed by the Imperial Govt, but left to the option of the local Govts.

5. To the Census Supdt.
No. 1577 dt. 24.9.10
approving of the suggestions of the Census Supdt relating to the compilation of Statistical Census Tables

G.R.S. 11] 1910

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Census)

NOTES.

File No. 3 – 10

FILE HEADING.

Imperial Census Tables for 1911.

From

The First Assistt to the Resident

No. 442 Dated 25-7-10 Received 25-7-10

Diary No. 369 | Enclos. 3 | Spare Copies | Serial No. 1

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

Forwards for information Govt. of India Resolution (Home Dept) no 192-208 dy 28-6-10 regarding the Imperial Census Tables.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

Draft Submtd forwarding the above to the Census

Please put up with one Sheaf

Cl[erk] to Jamedar 26-7-10

26/7/10 Jamedar

26/7/10 2nd Clk

26-7-10

Draft added and appd by 2nd Clk 29/7/10.

Issued 29/7/10

Notes—First sheet

GPB—50,000—3-4-07.

Serial No.

2 To Census Supdt, No 4548 dy 2-8-10.
Forwards the abstr with the observation whether any of the Special Tables require in the opinion of the Supdt, to be compiled for the State.

3 From Census Supdt, No 328 dy 4-8-10
States that he proposes to compile all the Tables prescribed in the Govt of India Resolution & Submits for the information of Govt, Copy of Census Commissioner's letter No 816 dy 4-7-10 directing him to postpone taking orders of Govt in the matter till certain further Communication received from him on the Subject.
Submitted for orders.
11-8-10 await further report from the Census Supdt on the matter
11/8/10
11/8/10

4 From Census Supdt, No 488 dy 26-8-10
Solicits orders regarding the compilation of certain Statistical Census Tables prescribed by the Imperial Govt but left to the option of the Local Govts.
Submitted for orders.
2-9-10 the Census Supdt says that for tables IX XIV and XVI he will select all castes without
2/9/10

G.R.S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

Gen File No. 3 of 1910

3

Serial No.

Reports received with the Liaison de Sheffra
final Census than taking into account only
a few Castes and this recommendation may
be approved. It may also be ruled that where
Caste is concerned all Castes may be taken into acct
This is doubtful if any useful purpose is served by
Compiling Table XV-D in detail of Groups and Religions.
Caste is certainly a better factor and Table XVI Combines
Caste with Principal Traditional occupation & other
I agree Circumstances Table XV-D may I submit be omitted.
As for the Provincial Tables as they are
available in the course of taking itself every table
even the last occasion has been published as
suggested by the Census Supdt.
Last of the Census Supdt proposes to issue three
Village Population Tables with Sex details for 2 Castes
and Total population for the 2 other Censuses. This may
be approved. He further proposes to show literacy
and says he will for this purpose take the figures given
in the Enumerator's abstract or the Cover. No doubt
I think it would be valuable to have these Statistics but we take
would be it from the Enumerator's abstract is not correct. For
useful even one thing it is not correct from after the taking
if perhaps will probably be 5 to 10 % on the last occasion
not quite or even a higher limit and the figures therefore are
accurate— not susceptible of any check. This factor therefore
Supdt's suggn may need not be given

(Sd) Secy)
4.9.10

Note—Contn. sheets to be appd

GPB—55,000—27.4.09

10/9/10

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

4

Gen File No. 3 of 1910

Serial No.	
373.	2nd Chr & Dewan
7874 13.9.10	Agree with the V/Minute of the 2nd Counsellor — All the C's suggestions may be approved except in regard to XV d (occupying Religions) which can be dispensed with — Sd/- H. Wheeler
	Put up draft
	Sd/- 17/9/10
	Draft - Submitted Sd/- 17/9/10
	Sd/- 19-9-10.
	Sd/- 19/9/10 In the Index the question of publishing the Village Population Table with "Inferiors" was unfortunately not settled off. Inferiors are not Brahmins geographically and the percentage of these people is so small that it is hardly necessary to furnish statistics relating to them. Village In the proposed Draft this item has been included as one of those recommended along with the above XV-D (excluded)
	2nd Chr 19.9.10
	I agree Sd/- 21/9/10
	Issue Sd/- 22/9/10

Note—Contn. sheet.

GPB—55,000—27.4.09

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

Ce File No. 3 of 1910

Serial No.	
5	To Census Supdt, Dl. 1577 & 24-9-10
	Approves the suggestions of the Census
	Supdt relating to the Compilation of
	Statistical Census Tables

NOTE—Contn. sheet

GPB—55,000—27-4-09

(1) 369 (1)
Cen 3-10

Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department Nos.192-208, dated the 28th June 1910.

No. 4427 Mysore Resident's Office,
Bangalore, dated the 25th July 1910.

Pol: 133
125-7-10

A copy of the foregoing resolution, with the enclosures received therewith, is forwarded to the Government of His --- Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, for information.

II
25/7/10 K.M.

H. G. Grey Major,
First Assistant Resident.

NOS. 192—208.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT

CENSUS.

Simla, the 28th June 1910

RESOLUTION.

The general and household schedules sanctioned for adoption throughout British India in connection with the decennial census of 1911 were annexed to the Home Department resolution nos. 67-81, dated the 31st March 1910. The returns attached to the present resolution, which comply with the requirements of international statistics and contain all the information that is necessary for administrative purposes, are, with the exception of tables XV, parts C and D, and XVI, which may be prepared or not at the option of local Governments, prescribed for general adoption. The principles on which they have been drawn up are stated in the annexed memorandum, which explains their relation to the tables attached to the Home Department resolution nos. 137-149, dated the 3rd August 1900. In determining the form of these returns the Government of India have taken into consideration the suggestions which have been made by the Registrar General of the United Kingdom.

2. At the last census a distinction was drawn between Imperial Statistics or tables of general interest, and Provincial Statistics, or the additional tables required in each province for local administrative purposes. The unit of the former was the district, while that of the latter was the tahsil, taluk, thana or township. The Provincial Tables were printed in separate volumes, but they formed part of the Imperial series of census volumes and were numbered and distributed accordingly. The Government of India consider it unnecessary that the Provincial Statistics, which are compiled for local purposes, should be circulated outside the limits of the province to which they refer; and they have accordingly decided that, on this occasion, they will not form part of the Imperial series, but will be printed in entirely separate publications. Local Governments will decide for themselves what Provincial Statistics are required. Attention is, however, invited to the observations contained in the Home Department resolution nos. 137-49 (Census), dated the 3rd August 1900, where it was pointed out that there is a tendency to multiply statistics out of all proportion to the use that will ever be made of them. Without wishing to interfere unduly with the discretion of local Governments in a matter of this kind, the Government of India desire that more care may be taken than was done in some cases at the last census to include in the Provincial Statistics only such tables as are likely to be of real use.

3. While adhering to the definition of Imperial Statistics laid down in 1900, and recognizing that their unit should ordinarily be the district, the Government of India consider that it would be desirable to include in the Imperial series of tables a few of the main statistics for smaller administrative units (thanas, taluks or tahsils) such as total population, density, variation since 1901, distribution by religion and the number of literate persons. Such figures are of more than local interest; and even when the Provincial Tables are available, it is inconvenient to have to turn to another volume to find them. Drafts of two tables containing the above information are appended to this resolution, but local Governments are at liberty to modify the forms, should it appear desirable to do so, provided that the space occupied by them is not materially increased.

4. The cost of preparing and printing the statistics referred to above, and also of preparing in manuscript a simple table showing the population of each

village by sex and religion, will be an imperial charge, but that of preparing any other tables, and of printing the village tables, should this be thought necessary locally, will be met from provincial revenues.

5. The Government of India desire to emphasise the orders of 1900 that the Provincial Census reports should be completed and sent in within a year from the date of taking the census.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to all local Governments[5] and Administrations, for information and guidance, and that a copy be forwarded to the Foreign Department, and to the Census Commissioner for India.

Madras.	Central Provinces.
Bombay.	Coorg.
Bengal.	North-West Frontier Province.
United Provinces.	Rajputana.
Punjab.	Central India.
Burma.	Baluchistan.
Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Superintendent of Port Blair..

Ordered, also, that the resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

A. EARLE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

G. C. B. P., Simla.—No. 1752 H. D.—30-6-10—737.—R.G.G.

Explanatory memorandum.

(i) *Table I* (*Area, houses and population*).—This is identical with the corresponding table of the last census.

(ii) *Table II* (*Variation in the population since 1872*).—This is identical with the corresponding table of the last census, except that five censuses have now to be dealt with instead of four. The columns have been rearranged slightly, as the additional columns will cause the table to run into three pages. The figures for persons, males and females, will occupy the first two pages, and those for variations the third.

(iii) *Table III* (*Towns and villages classified by population*).—Unchanged.

(iv) *Table IV* (*Towns classified by population with variation since 1872*).—To save space the columns for sex totals for 1872 and 1881 have been omitted. These figures can always be obtained (if required) by reference to the tables of the last census. The sex proportional figures for all five censuses will be quoted in a subsidiary table in the body of the reports, which is all that is ever likely to be needed.

(v) *Table V* (*Towns arranged territorially with population by religion.*)—No change.

(vi) *Table VI* (*Religion*).—No change. Provinces which show non-Christian sects will subdivide the headings Hindus and Muhammadans according to requirements.

(vii) *Table VII* (*Age, sex and civil condition*).—Two new quinquennial periods have been added in accordance with the recommendations of the Census Committee of the Royal Statistical Society. For individual districts, the age grouping will be less elaborate, following the practice introduced in 1901.

(viii) *Table VIII* (*Education by age*).—The columns relating to literacy in the provincial vernaculars have been omitted, but they will be retained in provinces where this information is collected.

(ix) *Table IX* (*Education by selected castes, tribes and races*).—This table, though optional in 1901, was prepared for all the main provinces except the Punjab. For the coming census it has been made compulsory, as it has been found to be most valuable, on account of the light which it

throws on the condition as regards literacy of the different sections of the population, and the progress which each section has made during the decade.

The object of column 2 is to give details by locality where local conditions vary (*e.g.*, in Bengal it is important to distinguish Bengal Proper from Bihar). In one or two cases at the last census, details were given for each district, which greatly increased the bulk of the table, while in several others provincial totals only were given, thereby obliterating local differences. The number of castes selected for the table varied enormously. On the present occasion the Census Commissioner will arrange beforehand with the Provincial Superintendents which castes should be taken for this and similar tables, and the localities for which separate figures will be given. The statistics of education, marriage, etc., by caste should make it possible to bring out clearly, not only the differences within a province between castes of different social status, but also the differences which exist in different parts of India amongst the same or corresponding castes.

(x) *Table X* (*Language*).—The same as in 1891 and 1901. There was some misunderstanding at the last census regarding Dr. Grierson's note providing a classification of Indian languages and dialects; and in two provinces the languages returned in the schedules were split up into dialects, for the purpose of Table X, according to considerations of birth-place or locality of enumeration. The language should be entered in Table X as actually returned, subject to the classification of entries that do not indicate true languages. All estimates of dialect, etc., should be relegated to the Report Volume.

(xi) *Table XI* (*Birth-place*).—The same as in 1901. As on previous occasions Provincial Superintendents will tabulate certain extra-provincial birth districts for communication to the other Superintendents concerned. These detailed figures are often of great interest in connection with inter-provincial migration (*e.g.*, in 1901 out of 157,000 emigrants from Bengal to Burma 79,000 went from the contiguous district of Chittagong); but they need not ordinarily be printed in the Imperial Tables. In special cases, where the immigration is of considerable magnitude, this can be done, as indicated in the footnote to the table.

Much light can be thrown on big streams of migration (*e.g.*, the 146.000 emigrants of 1901 from the Ratnagiri district to Bombay City) by combining birth-place with age, caste and occupation. Such statistics however are needed only in special cases, and no general table is prescribed.

(xii) *Table XII* (*Infirmities.*)—The table should show (*a*) distribution by districts and (*b*) distribution by age. Two additional quinquennial age periods have been provided corresponding with those of Table VII.

(xiii) *Table XII-A.* (*Infirmities by selected castes*).—The only change from 1901 is that "Population dealt with" have been substituted for "Population afflicted" in the main heading to columns 2 to 4. It is essential to know the number of persons amongst whom the infirmities were recorded. This table was optional at the last census.

(xiv) *Table XIII* (*Caste, Tribe, Race or Nationality*).—This table should give statistics only for the more important castes and for any others which local Governments for special reasons wish to include. Any local Government may, if it wishes, order a complete table to be prepared.

(xv) *Table XIV* (*Civil condition by age for selected castes*).—The age periods taken for this table are the same as those which were finally sanctioned at the last census.

(xvi) *Table XV* (*Occupation or means of livelihood*).—The information exhibited in Part A is the same as in 1901, but the occupations are given in the heading and the districts down the side. This is the arrangement which was found most convenient in 1901. The district details should be preceded by a general summary giving totals for (*a*) Province; (*b*) British Territory; (*c*) Feudatory States; and (*d*) Cities.

Parts B, C and D of this table are new. At the last census the agricultural occupation of all persons who returned agriculture as (*a*) their principal or (*b*) their subsidiary occupation was tabulated, but not the non-agricultural subsidiary occupations of the former. In order to obtain a complete view of the extent to which the people of India are dependent on agriculture it is necessary to know also what subsidiary occupations are returned by persons whose main occupation is agriculture. Table XV, Part B, is designed to show this.

Parts C and D of this table need not be compiled unless the local Governments think this desirable.

(xvii) *Table XVI (Occupation by selected Castes, Tribes, or Races).*—The plan of this table, which need not be compiled unless local Governments desire to do so, is the same as in 1901, but a few additions have been made. Columns 6 to 9 have been added to throw light on the extent to which castes still practise their traditional occupations. This information was given for Bengal at the last census (so far as the principal occupation was concerned) by means of foot-notes. Columns 10 and 11 are designed to make it possible to discount the tendency of the functional groups to return their traditional occupations as their means of livelihood (paragraph 312 of the last India Census Report). The sex detail (which was not prescribed in 1901) is important as it shows for various castes and localities the extent to which women work either at their traditional or some other occupation.

In all provinces Europeans, Eurasians and Armenians should be included in this table.

In addition to Table XVI, which shows the distribution of castes by occupation, some supplementary statistics (similar to those at pages 502-506 of the Bengal Tables for 1901) may, if desired, be prepared showing the distribution of certain occupations by caste.

(xviii) *Table XVII (Christians by sect and race).*—The same as in 1901, except for a minor detail of printing. The districts will be arranged down the side of the tables and the sects in the heading.

(xix) *Table XVIII (Europeans, etc., by age).*—The same as in 1901.

G. C. B. P., Simla.—No. 1752 H. D.—30-6-10.—737.—B.G.G.

TABLE XV.—*Occupation or means of livelihood.*

Part A.—General Table.

District or State.	OCCUPATION A.						OCCUPATION B.						OCCUPATION C.						OCCUPATION D, AND SO ON.					
	Total workers and dependants.	Actual workers.				Dependants.	Total workers and dependants.	Actual workers.				Dependants.	Total workers and dependants.	Actual workers.				Dependants.	Total workers and dependants.	Actual workers.				Dependants.
		Total.		Partially agriculturist.				Total.		Partially agriculturist.				Total.		Partially agriculturist.				Total.		Partially agriculturist.		
		Males.	Females.	Males	Females.			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

TABLE XV.—*Occupation or means of livelihood.*

Part B.—Subsidiary occupations of agriculturists—actual workers only.

(1) Rent receivers.

District or State.	Total number of Rent-receivers (actual workers).		Number of actual workers who returned subsidiary occupations.		Details of subsidiary occupations returned.																	
					A.		B.		C.		D.		E.		F.		G.		H.		Other occupations.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23

Note.—(1) The subsidiary occupations most frequently returned will be entered in headings A to H.
(2) A similar table will be prepared for (2) Rent-payers and (3) Farm Servants and Field Labourers.

TABLE XV.

Occupation by selected Castes, Tribes or Races.

CASTE, TRIBE OR RACE.	TRADITIONAL OCCUPATION.	POPULATION DEALT WITH			NUMBER OF ACTUAL WORKERS WHOSE TRADITIONAL CASTE OCCUPATION WAS RETURNED AS THEIR				Number of actual workers returning their traditional occupation as their principal means of livelihood who had some subsidiary occupation.		RECORDED PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION OF ACTUAL WORKERS [BY ORDERS].																And so on adding columns as required.
		Actual workers.		Dependants.	Principal means of livelihood.		Subsidiary means of livelihood.				A.		B.		C.		D.		E.		F.		G.		H.		
		Males.	Females.	Both sexes.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28

TABLE XVII.

Territorial Distribution of the Christian Population by Sect and Race.

District or State.	ALL DENOMINATIONS.									DENOMINATION A.									DENOMINATION B, AND SO ON.								
	Total.			DISTRIBUTION BY RACE.						Total.			DISTRIBUTION BY RACE.						Total.			DISTRIBUTION BY RACE.					
				European and allied races.		Eurasian.		Native.					European and allied races.		Eurasian.		Native.					European and allied races.		Eurasian.		Native.	
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28

PROVINCIAL TABLE I.—*Area and population of thanas [tahsils, etc.].*

Thana [Tahsil, Taluk or Township].	Area in square miles.	Number of		Number of occupied houses.	Population.				Percentage of variation.		Number of persons per square mile in 1911.
		Towns.	Villages.		1911.			1901 (both sexes).	1901 to 1911.	1891 to 1901.	
					Persons.	Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

PROVINCIAL TABLE II.—*Population of thanas, &c., by religion and education.*

Thana [Tahsil, Taluk or Township].	Distribution by religion.										Number of literate persons.					
	Hindus.		Musalmans.		Christians.		Animists.		Others.		0-15.		15-20		20 and over.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

G. C. B. P., Simla.—No. 1752 H. D.—1-7-10.—737—R.G.G.

23

G.R.S. 267

File No. 3/10

Serial No. 2

30/7/10

Diary No. of letter replied to 369

No. 2548

& 2nd August 10

General and Revenue Secretariat

(Cenl)

, the 190

To

The Cenl Supt

(The Ref. Comm)

Date of issue 2nd August/10

Signed by W. Narasimhan

to be returned

We accompany Copy of the Govt of India Resolution in the Home Deptt, No 192-20 of the 28th June 1910 together with its enclosures in original, received from the Residency is forwarded to the Cenl Supt for information.

2. Supt would be glad to learn whether all tables or what ~~number~~ of them will be required by any Census Compiler.

Yrs

Asst Secretary

Know which of the Special tables require, in the opinion of the Supt, to be compiled for the State

MM 26-7-10.

26-7-10

over.

29/7/10

SUBJECT.

28/7/10

cl
28/7

II 818 th

Cens 1608

C.S. 1.

3-10 1910 -1911

24(2)

FROM

The *Census Superintendent in Mysore.*

To

The Offg: *Secretary to the Government of*
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
General & Revenue Departments.

Thro' The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

Dated
Despatched } 4th August 1910.
Received

No. 328

Enclosure No. Nil

SUBJECT.

States that he proposes to Compile all the Tables Prescribed in the Govt of India Resolution dated 25th June 1910 and submits for the information of Govt, Copies Census Commissioners letter No. 816. 2 & 4-7-1910 asking whether Govt have any orders in the matter till Govt communicate to him the decision received from him on the subject

No 1860 Dated 6th August 1910

2

Forwarded to the Secretary to the Govt of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Gen & Rev Deptt.

For Revenue Commissioner

No. 328.
Census 1911.

OFFICE OF THE CENSUS SUPERINTENDENT
IN MYSORE.

Bangalore, Dated, 4th August 1910.

FROM

V. R. Thyagaraja Aiyar, Esq., M.A.,

Census Superintendent in Mysore.

To

C. S. Balasundaram Iyer, Esq., B.A.,

Offg: *Secretary to the Government of*
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Through:- The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

SIR,

Adverting to your Official Memorandum No.Fl.548-Cen.3-10-2, dated the 2nd August 1910, enquiring which of the Special Tables prescribed in the Government of India - Resolution of the 28th June 1910 require to be compiled for Mysore, I have the honor to state that of the 22 Tables in all prescribed, the compilation of only 3 has been left to the option of the Local Governments; these are:-

Occupation or Means of Livelihood:-

XV-C. Showing for certain mixed occupations the number of persons who returned each as their (a) principal ~~or~~ (b) subsidiary means of -- livelihood.

XV-D. Occupation or Means of Livelihood:- Distribution by Religion.

XVI. Occupation by selected castes, Tribes or Races.

I propose to compile all these Tables for Mysore, the selection of combinations or mixed(allied) occupations for XV-C being made later on.

2. In this connection I beg to submit for the information of Government copy of letter No.816 dated 4th July 1910, received from the Census Commissioner, requesting me to post-pone

post-pone taking the orders of the Government on the matters referred to in the Government of India Resolution pending -- the receipt of his letter on the subject. I have not yet -- received the communication referred to therein.

3. The enclosures received with the Official Memorandum are herewith returned as desired.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Census Superintendent.

B.K.

Cen 3-10 Sl 3 27

Letter No.816, dated the 4th July 1910, from the Census Commissioner for India, to the Census Superintendent in Mysore.

------&&&&&&-------

With reference to Home Department Resolution/ Nos.192-208, dated the 28th June 1910, regarding the form of the Imperial/s - Census Tables, I have the honor to state that a letter on the subject is under issue, and to request that you will postpone taking the orders of your Government on the matters referred to in the Resolution until it has reached you.

----------@@@@@@@@@@----------

" C O P Y "

Census Superintendent.

B.K.R.

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE.
No. 2291
Date 26.8.1910

C.S.11

1910 -1911

Cens
1899

FROM

The *Census Superintendant in Mysore.*

Cen 3-10

To

The offg *Secretary to the Government of*
H. H. the Maharajà of Mysore,
General & Revenue Departments.

Thro The Revenue Commissioner, Mysore

Dated 26

Despatched August 1910.

Received

No. 488.

Enclosure No.

SUBJECT.

Solicits orders in re
Compilation of Statis. Stat
tical Census Tables. Direc
ted by the Imperial Govt. but
left to the option of the
Local Govts.

Ref
No 2577 Dated 26 August 10
27/8 Noted — Forwarded to the Secre
tary to the Govt in H.H. the
Maharaja Mysore Gen
Rev Dept

K Subba Rao
For Revenue Commissioner

No. 488
Census 1911.

OFFICE OF THE CENSUS SUPERINTENDENT
IN MYSORE.

Bangalore, Dated the 26th August 1910

FROM

V. R. Thyagaraja Aiyar Esquire M.A.,
Census Superintendent in Mysore.
B A N G A L O R E.

To

C. S. Balasundaram Aiyar Esquire M.A.,
Offg: *Secretary to the Government of*
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.
Bangalore (Time and time Commissioner in Mysore).

SIR,

Adverting to para 2 of my letter No.329 dated the 5th August 1910, I have the honor to submit, herewith, a printed copy of letter No.933 dated the 20th July 1910, since received from the Census Commissioner for India, on certain matters relating to the compilation of Census Statistical Tables left by the Government of India to the option of the Local Governments.

Firstly, as regards Table XV-C, the Census Commissioner in para 3 of his letter simply explains the object and scope of the compilation; and he considers that with the Slip system, the preparation of the Table is a very simple matter.

As I have already stated in my letter referred to in the foregoing para, I propose to prepare this Table along with the other Optional Tables, the selection of combinations of Mixed (Allied) Occupations being selected later on, on the lines indicated by the Census Commissioner.

Secondly, in regard to the set up of Table XV-D, the Census Commissioner refers to the Table prepared in Bengal for the last Census.

Occupation by Groups.	Total No. of workers and dependents.	Distribution by Religion.			
		Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Christians.	Others.
1	2				

From the form of the Table appen

margin*, it will be seen that it records only the total of "Actual Workers and Dependents " of each Religion against each Group of -- Occupation, with no further details. There is no difficulty in -- preparing this Table.

4. Thirdly, as regards Table XVI (Occupation by Selected -- Castes). the Census Commissioner observes that it must be prepared for the Europeans, Eurasians and Armenians and that the selection of the other Castes is left to the decision of the Local Governments. I intend to compile the Table for all the Castes as was done in 1901.

Fourthly, in regard to the Provincial Tables, the Census Commissioner requests to know (a) in what Form will be compiled the two Tables for Thasils etc., to be printed with the Imperial Tables; (b) what other Provincial Statistics will be printed, and (c) if any statistics for Villages are contemplated other than the Population - by Sex and Religion.

With reference to points (a) and (b), I propose to compile and publish for Taluks all the Tables compiled and printed as Part-C, in 1901 except, the Table of the Occupation of Immigrants which, though published in the Talukwar Series, did not contain the Statistics --- Talukwar.

And, as regards the Table of Village Population, the Table has been compiled in all the previous Censuses shewing population by Sex only for the two latest Censuses with the totals of the population of the previous Censuses. I propose to adopt the same Form this -- time also. I see no particular utility in giving the population of Villages distributed by Religions, especially as Table VI (Religion) will be compiled and published in details of Taluks in the Volume of Talukwar Tables.

On the other hand, I am of opinion that the usefulness of the Table will be greatly enhanced by giving the figures relating to the number of Literates and the number of Infirms censused in each ---- Village. The figures for this purpose are available in the Enumera--tor's Abstract and no special Sorting is required for the purpose.

Fifthly, as regards the other Tables dealing with Selected Castes, viz., Tables IX (Education by Castes), XIV (Civil Condi--tion by Castes) and XVI (Occupation by Castes), the Census Com--missioner observes that a sufficient number of Castes should be --- selected to represent the different social strata and that the ---- figures should be tabulated for a sufficient number of each Caste to eliminate casual variations such as occur when only small numbers are with. In this respect, the Census Commissioner wishes to know what standard will be adopted in Mysore for the purpose of Table IX, XIV and XVI (if prepared) and what Castes in this Province would fall within its scope.

In the Census of 1901, all the three Tables referred to above were compiled for the full population of all the Castes; and I propos to adopt the same course this time also.

Sixthly, in para 8 of his letter, the Census Commissioner requests to know the decision of the Government in the matter of -- exercising the option to leave out of account the Minor Groups of -- Castes in Table XIII ; and he suggests that if it be decided to -- exercise the discretion, a simple criterion would be to omit all -- Castes of no special interest, which, in 1901, formed less than one per mille of the population of the Province. But, I think, it is -- expedient to compile the Table for all the Castes without leaving out any, as was done in 1901.

8. Lastly, with reference to the suggestion of the Government of India, that much light can be thrown on big streams of migration b a Table combining Birth-Place with Age, Caste and Occupation, the -- Census Commissioner enquires if there are any large Towns or other -- places in the Province for which the Statistics may be compiled in th Form appended to his letter. In Mysore, generally, there cannot be - said to exist any such big streams of migration as is contemplated by the Government of India, except,perhaps, in the case of the Cities of Bangalore and the Kolar Gold Fields Tract. If the Government approve.

I shall have the proposed Table compiled for the two Cities only.

9. I request that you will be so good as to obtain the early orders of Government on the foregoing proposals for my guidance and for communication to the Census Commissioner in reply to his -- queries on the several points.

I have the honor to be,

S i r,

Your most obedient servant,

CENSUS SUPERINTENDENT.

140

No. 933.

FROM

E. A. GAIT, ESQ., C.I.E., I.C.S.,
Census Commissioner for India,

TO

ALL PROVINCIAL SUPERINTENDENTS.

Simla, the 28th July 1910.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to address you as follows in connection with certain matters arising out of Home Department Resolution nos. 192—208-(Census), dated the 28th June 1910, and the forms of Final Tables therein prescribed.

2. In paragraph 1 of the Resolution it is stated that Tables XV parts C and D and XVI may be prepared or not at the option of local Governments. In considering whether these Tables should be compiled or not, it is desirable, on the one hand, to have regard to the trouble and expense involved in preparing them, and on the other, to the utility of the statistics which they would contain.

3. *Table XV—Part C.*—At the last Census the only general use made of column 10—Subsidiary Occupation—was to tabulate subsidiary occupations connected with agriculture. At the present Census the information regarding the dependance of the population on agriculture will be completed by tabulating the subsidiary occupations of persons whose main occupation is agriculture. This information thus obtained will be embodied in Table XV—Part B. The question is whether, having obtained in the Census Schedules a record of all subsidiary occupations, it is not desirable to make more use of it than is done in Table XV—Parts A and B. This point was raised at the last Census (Administrative Volume, page 243) when Sir Herbert Risley circulated for opinion a draft of a Table showing subsidiary occupations combined with certain selected principal occupations. The suggestion came rather late, but it was acted on, to a greater or less extent, in several Provinces, including Bengal, the United Provinces and the Punjab (see paragraph 338 of the Indian Census Report for 1901). The scope of Table XV—Part C is not so wide as that of the Table proposed by Sir Herbert Risley. It is intended merely to throw light on a number of dual occupations which are commonly practised by one and the same individual, such as boatmen and fishermen, shepherds and blanket weavers, cattle breeders and cow-keepers, grain dealers and money lenders, etc. In the case of such occupations it is largely a matter of chance, which is returned in column 9 of the Schedule, and it would be a pity not to make use of column 10 in order to obtain complete information regarding them. With the Slip System the preparation of this Table is a very simple matter [*vide* Imperial Census Code, Part II, Chapter III, rule 6].

4. *Table XV—Part D.*—Under the system of sorting laid down in the Imperial Census Code, the figures for each religion are compiled separately. There is, therefore, no difficulty whatever in preparing this Table. Such a Table was in fact prepared in Bengal at the last Census.

5. *Table XVI.*—This Table (which must in any case be prepared for Europeans, Eurasians and Armenians) will enable us to see what is the effect of modern industrial conditions upon the caste system. It will show for example, the extent to which weavers have been compelled to abandon their traditional occupation and seek other means of livelihood. With the aid of

the slip system the Table can be prepared quite easily, and it was actually prepared at the last Census in a number of Provinces including Madras, Bombay, Bengal and the Central Provinces.

If the Table is prepared, it is for the Local Government to decide what castes should be dealt with. I am addressing you separately regarding the headings to be inserted in columns 12, etc., of this Table.

6. The question of Provincial and Imperial statistics is discussed in paragraphs 2 to 4 of the Government of India Resolution. It has been decided that two simple tables containing the main statistics for the smaller administrative units (tahsils and the like) will be printed in the volume of Imperial Tables, but that any other statistics for these areas which may be required for local purposes will be printed in a separate volume, which will not form part of the Imperial Series of Census Reports. It is left to the Local Governments to decide what other statistics of this kind are required, but emphasis is laid on the point that care should be taken to avoid printing any such statistics which are not likely to be of real use. In this connection it should be borne in mind that even if other statistics are not printed, any particulars that may be required can always be obtained by reference to the manuscript compilation registers. Finally it is laid down that the cost of compiling any statistics for villages other than the population by sex and religion (see Imperial Census Code, Chapter II, rule 13), and of printing village statistics, should this be thought necessary, must be met from Provincial funds. I would request you to inform me at an early date (*a*) in what form your Government has decided that the two Tables for tahsils, etc., to be printed with the Imperial Tables should be compiled, (*b*) what other Provincial statistics if any, will be printed, and (*c*) if any statistics for villages are contemplated other than the population by sex and religion. In most Provinces (including the two in which other statistics were compiled in 1901) this last question has already been decided in the negative.

7. It is stated in the explanatory memorandum that Tables IX, XIV and XVI will be prepared only for selected castes, and that the minor castes may be omitted from Table XIII unless the local Government desires a complete table of all castes to be prepared. At the last Census there was much diversity of system in the selection of castes for the optional tables. The following statement shows the number of castes and population dealt with in some of the main Provinces :—

Province.	IX.		XIV.		XVI.	
	No. of castes dealt with.	Population.	No. of castes dealt with.	Population.	No. of castes dealt with.	Population.
Madras . . .	62	15,465,463	25	6,294,527	26	6,812,544
Bombay . . .	28	2,173,869	26	1,929,418	31	4,488,864
Bengal . . .	164	40,297,736	149	36,293,525	147	42,315,349
United Provinces . .	8	9,540,338	11	1,566,009	...	...
Punjab . . .	...	...	103	16,135,382	..	...
Central Provinces and Berar.	76	11,873,029	196	8,983,213	121	10,047,716
Burma . . .	6	8,579,223	5	264,202	...	...

Not compiled.

Having regard to the ease with which these tables can be prepared with the aid of the Slip System (Imperial Code, Part II, Chapter III, rules 11 to 13), there is no reason why a fair number of castes should not be dealt with. I would suggest that, as a general rule, all castes might be included which contribute more than 2 per mille to the total population of the Province, and that statistics might be compiled for these castes in all districts where they contribute more than that proportion to the district population. In any case, a sufficient number of castes should be selected to represent the different social strata, and the figures should be tabulated for a sufficient number of each caste to eliminate casual variations, such as occur when only small numbers are dealt with. I would enquire what standard you propose to adopt for the purpose of Tables IX, XIV and XVI (if prepared), and what castes in your Province would fall within its scope.

8. The main difficulty experienced at the last Census in connection with Table XIII was the compilation of the great number of minor groups, each of which, while forming an infinitesimal fraction of the Provincial population, required a separate head in the Sorters' Tickets and Compilation Registers. At the present Census, these minor groups may be left out of account at the option of local Governments. You are requested to inform me what decision may be arrived at regarding this point. If it is decided to exercise the discretion allowed by the Government of India a simple criterion would be to omit all castes of no special interest which, in 1901, formed less than one per mille of the provincial population.

9. I would enquire whether there are any large towns or other places in your Province for which it would be desirable to compile supplementary statistics regarding Birthplace combined with Age, Caste and Occupation as indicated in Clause (XI) of the memorandum. A form of Table suitable for the exhibition of such statistics is appended.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

E. A. GAIT,

Census Commissioner for India.

S. G. P. I.—No. 47 C. C. for I—5-8-10—200—S. C. L.

G.R.S. 28.]

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File No. 3/10

Serial No. 5

22-9-10 (2-20 pm)

Diary No. of letter replied to 899

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.
(Cultus)

READ—

Memo. No 2590 dy 26-8-10 from The Revr: Comm forwarding letter No 488 dy 26-8-10 from the Cenkl Supdt, Sdicamp asking an certain matters relating to the Compilation of ~~certain Centres~~ Statistical Centres Table prescribed by the Imperial Govt, but left ~~option~~ to the option of the Local Govts.

ORDER THEREON. ~~No.~~

Order thereon: No 78 1577 dy 24-9-10

Govt are pleased to approve of all the Cenkl Supdt's suggestions with

over

the 19

Date of issue 24 sept 10

Signed by W J Jeevanna Rao

SUBJECT.

18

with the exception of the table XV-D.

(Occupations by Religions) which can be dispensed with.

and Birthplaces in the Village Population Table.

Mg: Secretary

MC
19-9-10

Dt. 19.9.10.

Mr Central Statistical (thro' Revenue Commr in Mysore)

21/9/10

19/9/10

HA